ADOPTED: April 13, 2006

### BYLAWS OF IOWA YOUTH BALLET, INC.

(an Iowa Nonprofit Corporation) (hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation")

## ARTICLE 1 PRINCIPAL OFFICE

The location of the principal office of the Corporation in the State of Iowa will be identified in the Corporation's biennial report filed with the Iowa Secretary of State.

# ARTICLE 2 REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT

The initial registered agent and office of the Corporation are set forth in the Articles of Incorporation. The registered agent or registered office, or both, may be changed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

### ARTICLE 3 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- Section 3.1 <u>Qualifications and General Powers</u>. No director is required to be an officer or employee or a member of the Corporation or a resident of the State of Iowa. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed under the direction of the board of directors. The board of directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or to execute and deliver any instrument in the name and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.
- Section 3.2 <u>Number of Directors; Tenure</u>. The number of directors of the Corporation shall be not fewer than one nor more than nine, the exact number within such range to be determined from time to time by resolution of the board of directors. Each director shall hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting and until his or her successor shall have been elected and qualifies, or until his or her death, resignation or removal.
- Section 3.3 Quorum and Manner of Acting. A quorum of the board of directors consists of a majority of the number of directors prescribed in accordance with section 3.2. If at any meeting of the board there be less than a quorum present, a majority of the directors present may adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present. Notice of any adjourned

meeting need not be given. At all meetings of directors, a quorum being present, the act of the majority of the directors present at the meeting shall be the act of the board of directors.

Section 3.4 <u>Resignation</u>. Any director of the Corporation may resign at any time by delivering written notice to the President, the board of directors, or the Corporation. A resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless the notice specifies a later effective date.

Section 3.5 <u>Removal</u>. A director shall be subject to removal for cause, by a vote of two-thirds of the directors.

Section 3.6 <u>Vacancies</u>. Any vacancy occurring in the board of directors through death, resignation, removal or any other cause, including an increase in the number of directors, may be filled by the board of directors. If the directors remaining in office constitute fewer than a quorum of the board, they may fill the vacancy by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors.

Section 3.7 <u>Compensation of Directors</u>. Directors shall not receive any stated salaries for their services, but by resolution of the board of directors a fixed sum and expenses of attendance, if any, may be allowed for attendance at each regular or special meeting of the board; but nothing contained here shall be construed to preclude any director from serving the corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation for such services.

Section 3.8 <u>Place of Meetings, etc.</u> The board of directors may hold its meetings at such place or places within or without the State of Iowa, as the board may from time to time determine. A director may participate in any meeting by any means of communication, including, but not limited to telephone conference call, by which all directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A director participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

Section 3.9 <u>Annual Meeting</u>. The board of directors shall meet at least annually for the purpose of the election of officers and the transaction of other business. Notice of such meeting need not be given. Such meeting may be held at any other time or place as shall be specified in a notice given as hereinafter provided for special meetings of the board of directors or in a consent and waiver of notice thereof signed by all the directors, at which meeting the same matters shall be acted upon as is above provided.

Section 3.10 <u>Regular Meetings</u>. Regular meetings of the board of directors shall be held at such place and at such times as the board of directors shall by resolution fix and determine from time to time. No notice shall be required for any such regular meeting of the board.

#### Section 3.11 Special Meetings; Notice.

- (a) Special meetings of the board of directors shall be held whenever called by direction of the President, the Vice President, or one-third (1/3) of the directors at the time being in office.
- (b) Notice of each such meeting shall be communicated to each director at least two (2) days before the date on which the meeting is to be held. Each notice shall state the date, time and place of the meeting. Unless otherwise stated in the notice thereof, any and all business may be transacted at a special meeting. At any meeting at which every director shall be present, even without any notice, any business may be transacted.
- Section 3.12 <u>Waiver of Notice</u>. A director may waive any notice required by law or these bylaws if in writing and signed by a director entitled to such notice, whether before or after the date and time stated in such notice. Such a waiver shall be equivalent to notice in due time as required by these bylaws. Attendance of a director at or participation in a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, unless the director at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting.
- Section 3.13 <u>Director's Assent Presumed</u>. A director of the Corporation who is present at a meeting of its board of directors at which action on any corporate matter is taken shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless the director's dissent shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless the director shall file a written dissent to such action with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or shall forward such dissent by registered or certified mail to the Secretary of the Corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. Such right to dissent shall not apply to a director who voted in favor of such action.

#### Section 3.14 Order of Business.

- (a) At meetings of the board of directors, business shall be transacted in such order as, from time to time, the board of directors may determine by resolution.
- (b) At all meetings of the board, the President, or in the President's absence, the most senior Vice President present, or otherwise the person designated by the vote of a majority of the directors present shall preside.
- Section 3.15 <u>Action Without Meeting</u>. Any action required or permitted by law to be taken at any meeting of the board of directors may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all members of the board and if one or more consents in writing describing the action so taken shall be signed by each director then in office and included in the minutes or filed with the corporate records reflecting the action taken. Action taken under this section is effective when the last director signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date. Written consents may be delivered to the Corporation by electronic transmission. A director's consent

may be withdrawn by a revocation signed by the director and delivered to the Corporation prior to the delivery to the Corporation of unrevoked written consents signed by all of the directors.

#### Section 3.16 Committees.

- (a) The board of directors, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors in office, may designate and appoint one or more committees, each of which shall consist of two or more directors, which committees, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have and exercise the authority of the board of directors in the management of the corporation; provided, however, that no such committee shall have the authority of the board of directors in reference to authorized distributions; elect, appoint, or remove directors or fill vacancies on the board or any of its committees; or adopt, amend, or repeal the articles or bylaws. The appointment of any such committee and the delegation of authority shall not operate to relieve the board of directors of any responsibility imposed upon it by law. Each committee shall fix its own rules governing the conduct of its activities as the board of directors may request.
- (b) Other committees not having and exercising the authority of the board of directors in the management of the corporation may be designated by a resolution adopted by a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Any member may be removed by the persons authorized to appoint such member whenever in their judgment the best interests of the corporation shall be served by such removal.

## ARTICLE 4 OFFICERS

Section 4.1 Executive Officers. The executive officers of the Corporation shall be a President or one or more Vice Presidents (the number thereof to be determined by the board of directors), a Secretary, a Treasurer and such other officers as may from time to time be elected by the board of directors. One person may hold the offices and perform the duties of any two or more of said offices. In its discretion, the board of directors may delegate the powers or duties of any officer to any other officer or agents, notwithstanding any provision of these bylaws, and the board of directors may leave unfilled for any such period as it may fix, any office except those of President, Treasurer and Secretary. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected annually by the board of directors at the annual meeting thereof. Each such officer shall hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting of the board of directors and until his or her successor shall have been duly chosen and shall qualify or until his or her death or until he or she shall resign or shall have been removed.

Section 4.2 <u>Resignation and Removal</u>. An officer may resign at any time by delivering notice to the Secretary. A resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless the notice specifies a later effective time. Any officer may be removed by the board of directors at any time with or without cause, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. An officer may be removed at any time with or without cause by any of the following: (a) the board of directors; (b) the officer who appoints such officer, unless

these bylaws or the board of directors provide otherwise; or (c) any other officer if authorized by these bylaws or the board of directors.

Section 4.3. Powers and Duties of the President. Subject to the control of the board of directors, the President shall have general charge of and direct the operations of the Corporation and shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation. The President shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the board of directors. The President shall keep the board of directors fully informed and shall freely consult with them concerning the business of the corporation in his or her charge. The President shall have authority to sign, execute and acknowledge all contracts, checks, deeds, mortgages, bonds, leases or other obligations on behalf of the Corporation as the President may deem necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the Corporation's regular business as authorized by the board of directors. The President may sign in the name of the Corporation reports and all other documents or instruments which are necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the Corporation's business. He or she shall perform all duties incident to the office of President as herein defined, and all such other duties as from time to time may be assigned by the board of directors.

Section 4.4 <u>Powers and Duties of the Vice President(s)</u>. In the absence of the President or in the event of the death, inability or refusal to act of the President, the Vice President (or in the event there be more than one Vice President, the Vice Presidents in the order designated at the time of their appointment, or in the absence of any designation, the senior Vice President in length of service) shall perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. Any Vice President shall perform such other duties and have such authority as from time to time may be assigned to such Vice President by the President or by the board of directors.

Section 4.5 Powers and Duties of the Secretary. The Secretary shall (a) keep minutes of all meetings of the board of directors; (b) authenticate records of the Corporation and attend to giving and serving all notices of the Corporation as provided by these bylaws or as required by law; (c) be custodian of the corporate seal, if any, the stock certificate books and such other books, records and papers as the board of directors may direct; and (d) in general, perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to the Secretary by the President or the board of directors. Without limiting the foregoing, the Secretary shall be responsible for maintaining and authenticating the following records: (a) minutes of all meetings of the board of directors; (b) all actions taken by the board of directors without a meeting; (c) all actions taken by a committee of the board of directors in place of the board of directors on behalf of the Corporation; (d) articles or restated articles of incorporation and all amendments to them currently in effect; (e) bylaws or restated bylaws and all amendments to them currently in effect; (f) list of names and business addresses of the current directors and officers; and (g) the Corporation's most recent biennial report delivered to the Secretary of State.

Section 4.6 <u>Powers and Duties of the Treasurer</u>. The Treasurer shall (a) have custody of and be responsible for all moneys and securities of the Corporation, shall keep full and accurate records and accounts in books belonging to the Corporation, showing the transactions of the

Corporation, its accounts, liabilities and financial condition and shall see that all expenditures are duly authorized and are evidenced by proper receipts and vouchers; (b) deposit in the name of the Corporation in such depository or depositories as are approved by the board of directors, all moneys that may come into the Treasurer's hands for the Corporation's account; (c) prepare annual financial statements that include a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year and an income statement for that year; and (d) in general, perform such duties as may from time to time be assigned to the Treasurer by the President or by the board of directors.

Section 4.7 <u>Assistants</u>. There shall be such number of Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers as the board of directors may from time to time authorize and appoint. The Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, in general, shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Secretary, or the Treasurer, respectively, or by the President or the board of directors. The board of directors shall have the power to appoint any person to act as assistant to any other officer, or to perform the duties of any other officer, whenever for any reason it is impracticable for such officer to act personally, and such assistant or acting officer so appointed shall have the power to perform all the duties of the office to which he or she is so appointed to be assistant, or as to which he or she is so appointed to act, except as such power may be otherwise defined or restricted by the board of directors.

### ARTICLE 5 CONTRACTS, LOANS, CHECKS AND DEPOSITS

Section 5.1 <u>Contracts</u>. The board of directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

Section 5.2 <u>Loans</u>. No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the Corporation and no evidences of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the board of directors. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

Section 5.3 <u>Checks, Drafts, etc.</u> All checks, drafts or other orders for the payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation, shall be signed by the President, or such other officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by the President or by resolution of the board of directors.

# ARTICLE 6 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 6.1 <u>Facsimile and Electronic Signatures</u>. In addition to the provisions for use of facsimile and electronic signatures elsewhere specifically authorized in these bylaws, facsimile and electronic signatures of any officer or officers of the Corporation may be used whenever and

as authorized by the board of directors or a committee thereof. An "electronic signature" is any electronic symbol or process attached to or logically associated with a document sent by electronic transmission and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign such document. "Electronic signature" includes (i) a unique password or unique identification assigned to a person by the Corporation; (ii) a person's typed name attached to or part of an electronic transmission sent by or from a source authorized by such person such as an e-mail address provided by such person as that person's e-mail address; (iii) a person's facsimile signature; and (iv) any other form of electronic signature approved by the Board.

Section 6.2 Corporate Seal. The Corporation shall not adopt an official seal.

Section 6.3 <u>Fiscal Year</u>. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be from the first day of March through the last day of February.

Section 6.4 <u>Corporate Records</u>. The books and records of the Corporation shall be kept at the principal office of the Corporation.

Section 6.5 <u>Voting of Stocks Owned by the Corporation</u>. In the absence of a resolution of the board of directors to the contrary, the President, the President and any Vice President acting within the scope of his or her authority as provided in these bylaws, are authorized and empowered on behalf of the Corporation to attend and vote, or to grant discretionary proxies to be used, at any meeting of members of any corporation in which this Corporation holds or owns shares of stock, and in that connection, on behalf of this Corporation, to execute a waiver of notice of any such meeting or a written consent to action without a meeting. The board of directors shall have authority to designate any officer or person as a proxy or attorney-in-fact to vote shares of stock in any other corporation in which this Corporation may own or hold shares of stock.

Section 6.6. <u>Director's Access to Records</u>. A director is entitled to entitled to inspect and copy the books, records, and documents of the corporation at any reasonable time to the extent reasonably related to the performance of the director's duties as a director, including any duties as a member of a committee, but not for any other purpose or in any manner that would violate any duty to the corporation.

Section 6.7 <u>Electronic Transmissions</u>. "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means any process of communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by the recipient. Notice by electronic transmission is written notice. Notices and written consents may be given by electronic transmission. Each written consent given by electronic transmission shall contain an electronic signature of the person giving such written consent.

# ARTICLE 7 AMENDMENTS

Section 7.1 <u>Amendments to Bylaws</u>. These Bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed and new Bylaws adopted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the entire Board at a meeting of the Board of Directors. Notice of the meeting setting forth the proposed amendment or a summary of the changes to be effected thereby shall be given to each Director at least ten (10) days prior thereto by written notice to each Director.